Spring 2024 Pollinator Kits



Species included in this kit:

<u>Scientific Name</u>	Common Name	<u>Height</u>	<u>Bloom Time</u>	Bloom Color
1. Allium cernuum	Nodding Onion	1.5'	July-Aug	Lavender
2. Asclepias tuberosa	Butterfly Weed	2'	June-Aug	Orange
3. Coreposis palmata	Prairie Coreopsis	2'	June-Aug	Yellow
4. Echinacea purpurea	Purple Coneflower	4'	June-Sept	Purple
5. Liatris scariosa	Northern Blazing Star	2'	Aug-Sept	Violet
6. Penstemon hirsutus	Hairy Beardtongue	1.5'	May-June	Pink
7. Polemonium reptans	Jacob's Ladder	1'	April-June	Blue
8. Rudbeckia fulgida	Showy Black-eyed Susan	3'	June-Sept	Yellow
9. Sporobolus heterolepis	Northern Dropseed	3'	June-Sept	N/A
10. Symphyotrichum oolentangiense	Sky Blue Aster	3'	Aug-Oct	Blue

Why Native Plants in Your Gardens or Naturalized Areas?

- 1. Natives require no pesticides and no fertilizer.
- 2. Natives have extensive root systems and do not need additional watering. The root systems also prevent soil erosion and increase the soil's capacity to hold water.
- 3. Native plants improve air quality by sequestering CO2 in the soil through photosynthesis. Once established, natives need less maintenance, so less CO2 is emitted in maintaining native plantings.
- 4. Natives are food and shelter to our wildlife. Non-native species do not support local pollinators because they have not evolved together.

Create and enjoy a landscape or natural area filled with butterflies, pollinators, songbirds and wildlife.

